



Division of Strength of Materials and Structures

Faculty of Power and Aeronautical Engineering

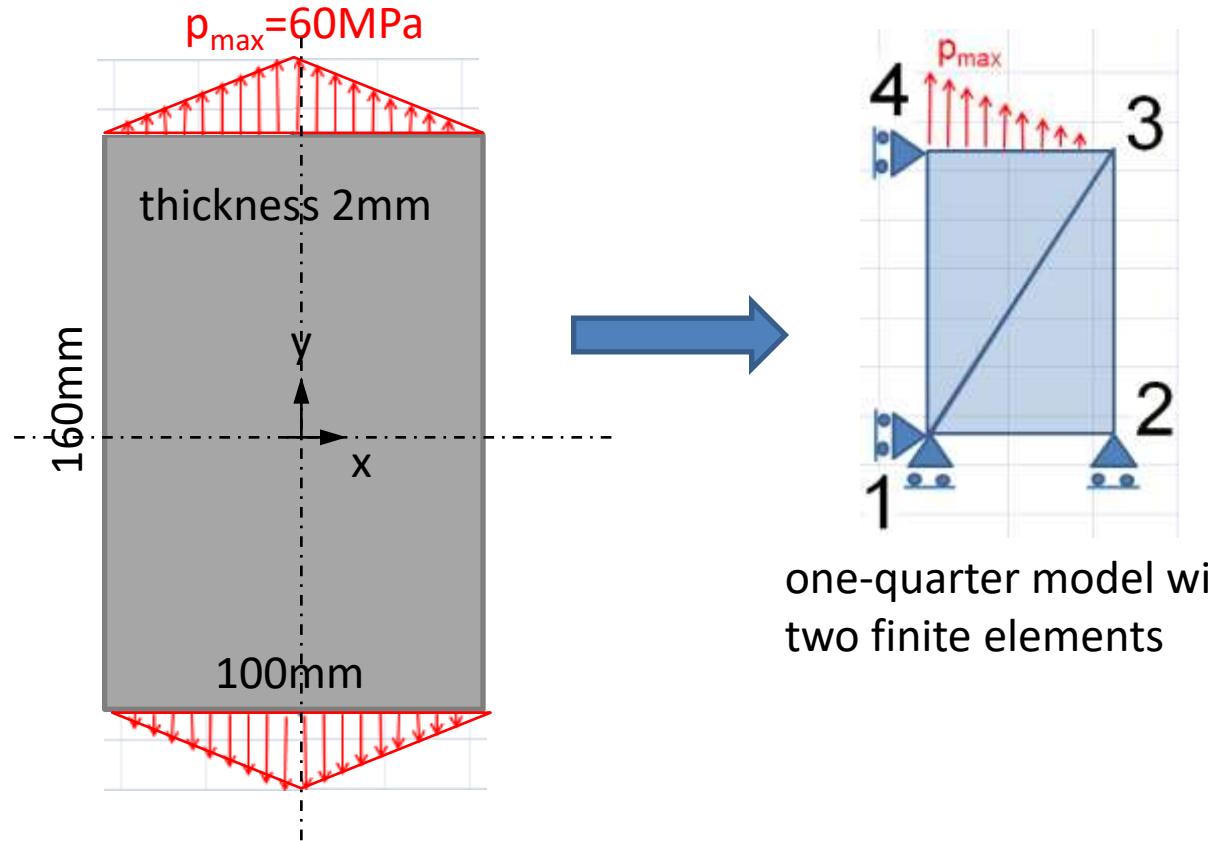


# Finite element method (FEM1)

Lecture 3B. 2D Plate modeled using CST finite elements

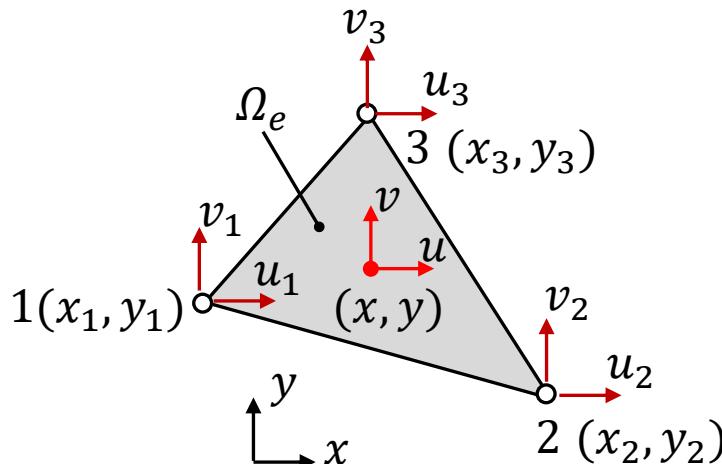
03.2025

# Model of a rectangular plate



one-quarter model with  
two finite elements

# CST element in Plain Stress



shape functions = normalized area coordinates:

$$N_1(x, y) = \frac{A_1(x, y)}{A_e} = \frac{1}{2A_e} (a_1 + b_1 x + c_1 y)$$

$$N_2(x, y) = \frac{A_2(x, y)}{A_e} = \frac{1}{2A_e} (a_2 + b_2 x + c_2 y)$$

$$N_3(x, y) = \frac{A_3(x, y)}{A_e} = \frac{1}{2A_e} (a_3 + b_3 x + c_3 y)$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= x_2 y_3 - x_3 y_2 ; & a_2 &= x_3 y_1 - x_1 y_3 ; & a_3 &= x_1 y_2 - x_2 y_1 \\ b_1 &= y_2 - y_3 ; & b_2 &= y_3 - y_1 ; & b_3 &= y_1 - y_2 \\ c_1 &= x_3 - x_2 ; & c_2 &= x_1 - x_3 ; & c_3 &= x_2 - x_1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_i &= x_j y_k - x_k y_j \\ b_i &= y_j - y_k \\ c_i &= x_k - x_j \end{aligned}$$



Strain-displacement matrix

$$[B] = \frac{1}{2A_e} \begin{bmatrix} b_1 & 0 & b_2 & 0 & b_3 & 0 \\ 0 & c_1 & 0 & c_2 & 0 & c_3 \\ c_1 & b_1 & c_2 & b_2 & c_3 & b_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[D] = \frac{E}{(1-\nu^2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \nu & 0 \\ \nu & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2}(1-\nu) \end{bmatrix}$$

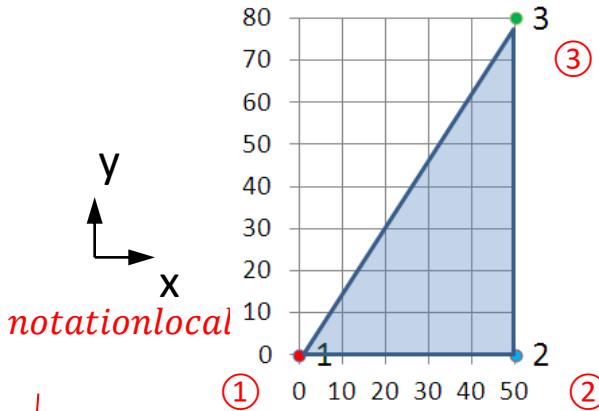
local stiffness matrix of the element:

$$[k]_e = A_e t_e [B]^T [D] [B]$$

$6 \times 6$        $6 \times 3$        $3 \times 3$        $3 \times 6$

Constitutive matrix for Plain stress

## Calculating the element 1 matrices



Element	1
E=	7.00E+04 MPa
ni=	0.33333333
he=	2 mm
Ae=	2000 mm <sup>2</sup>

$$a_i = x_j y_k - x_k y_j$$

$$b_i = y_j - y_k$$

$$c_i = x_k - x_j$$

node	x i	y i	x j	y j	x k	y k	ai	bi	ci
① 1	0	0	50	0	50	80	4000	-80	0
② 2	50	0	50	80	0	0	0	80	-50
③ 3	50	80	0	0	50	0	0	0	50

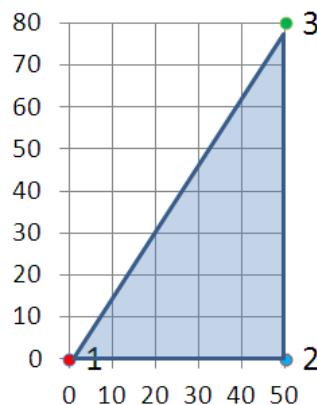
$$\mathbf{B}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.02 & 0 & 0.02 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -0.0125 & 0 & 0.0125 \\ 0 & -0.02 & -0.0125 & 0.02 & 0.0125 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{D} = \begin{bmatrix} 78750 & 26250 & 0 \\ 26250 & 78750 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 26250 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[B] = \frac{1}{2A_e} \begin{bmatrix} b_1 & 0 & b_2 & 0 & b_3 & 0 \\ 0 & c_1 & 0 & c_2 & 0 & c_3 \\ c_1 & b_1 & c_2 & b_2 & c_3 & b_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[D] = \frac{E}{(1-\nu^2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \nu & 0 \\ \nu & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2}(1-\nu) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{B}_1^T = \begin{bmatrix} -0.02 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -0.02 \\ 0.02 & 0 & -0.0125 \\ 0 & -0.0125 & 0.02 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.0125 \\ 0 & 0.0125 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



## Calculating the element 1 matrices

$$\mathbf{B}_1^T \mathbf{D} \mathbf{B}_1 =$$

$6 \times 3 \quad 3 \times 3 \quad 3 \times 6$

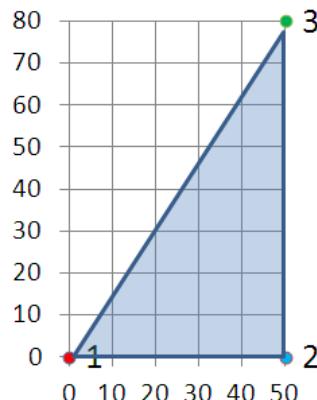
31.5	0	-31.5	6.5625	0	-6.5625
0	10.5	6.5625	-10.5	-6.5625	0
-31.5	6.5625	35.60156	-13.125	-4.10156	6.5625
6.5625	-10.5	-13.125	22.80469	6.5625	-12.3047
0	-6.5625	-4.10156	6.5625	4.101563	0
-6.5625	0	6.5625	-12.3047	0	12.30469

Matrix multiplication example:

$\mathbf{D}$

$\mathbf{B}_1$

			78750	26250	0	-0.02	0	0.02	0	0	0
			26250	78750	0	0	0	0	-0.0125	0	0.0125
			0	0	26250	0	-0.02	-0.0125	0.02	0.0125	0
-0.02	0	0				31.5	0	-31.5	6.5625	0	-6.5625
0	0	-0.02				0	10.5	6.5625	-10.5	-6.5625	0
0.02	0	-0.0125				-31.5	6.5625	35.60156	-13.125	-4.10156	6.5625
0	-0.0125	0.02				6.5625	-10.5	-13.125	22.80469	6.5625	-12.3047
0	0	0.0125				0	-6.5625	-4.10156	6.5625	4.101563	0
0	0.0125	0				-6.5625	0	6.5625	-12.3047	0	12.30469



## Calculation of the stiffness matrix of element 1

$$\mathbf{B}_1^T \mathbf{D} \mathbf{B}_1 =$$

31.5	0	-31.5	6.5625	0	-6.5625
0	10.5	6.5625	-10.5	-6.5625	0
-31.5	6.5625	35.60156	-13.125	-4.10156	6.5625
6.5625	-10.5	-13.125	22.80469	6.5625	-12.3047
0	-6.5625	-4.10156	6.5625	4.101563	0
-6.5625	0	6.5625	-12.3047	0	12.30469

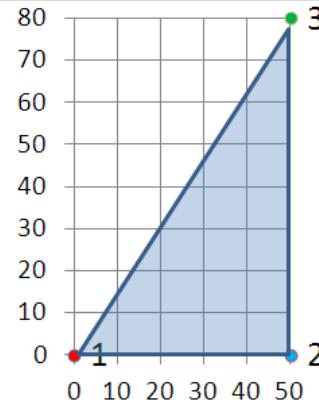
$$[k]_e = A_e t_e [B]^T [D] [B]$$

$6 \times 6 \quad 6 \times 3 \quad 3 \times 3 \quad 3 \times 6$

element matrix of element 1:

		u	v	u	v	u	v
		1	1	2	2	3	3
u	1	126000	0	-126000	26250	0	-26250
	1	0	42000	26250	-42000	-26250	0
v	2	-126000	26250	142406.3	-52500	-16406.3	26250
	2	26250	-42000	-52500	91218.75	26250	-49218.8
u	3	0	-26250	-16406.3	26250	16406.25	0
	3	-26250	0	26250	-49218.8	0	49218.75

## Determination of the extended stiffness matrix of element 1

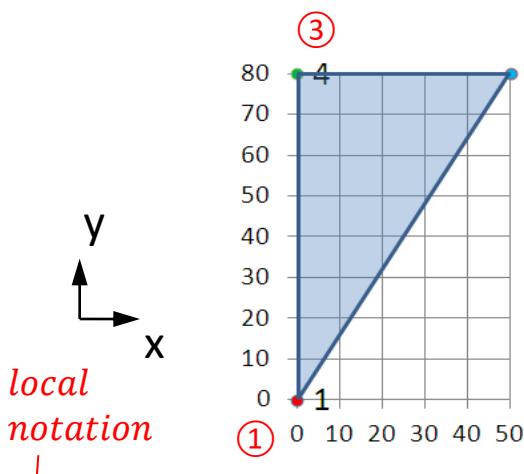


extended stiffness matrix of element 1:

	u1	v1	u2	v2	u3	v3	u4	v4
u1	126000	0	-126000	26250	0	-26250	0	0
v1	0	42000	26250	-42000	-26250	0	0	0
u2	-126000	26250	142406.3	-52500	-16406.3	26250	0	0
v2	26250	-42000	-52500	91218.75	26250	-49218.8	0	0
u3	0	-26250	-16406.3	26250	16406.25	0	0	0
v3	-26250	0	26250	-49218.8	0	49218.75	0	0
u4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
v4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

$k_1^* =$

## Calculating the element 2 matrices



Element	2
E=	7.00E+04 MPa
ni=	0.33333333
he=	2 mm
Ae=	2000 mm <sup>2</sup>
p <sub>max</sub> =	60 MPa

$$\begin{aligned}a_i &= x_j y_k - x_k y_j \\b_i &= y_j - y_k \\c_i &= x_k - x_j\end{aligned}$$

$$[B] = \frac{1}{2A_e} \begin{bmatrix} b_1 & 0 & b_2 & 0 & b_3 & 0 \\ 0 & c_1 & 0 & c_2 & 0 & c_3 \\ c_1 & b_1 & c_2 & b_2 & c_3 & b_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[D] = \frac{E}{(1-\nu^2)} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \nu & 0 \\ \nu & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2}(1-\nu) \end{bmatrix}$$

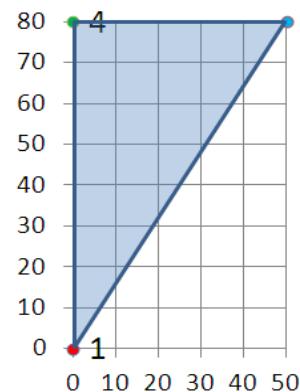
node	x <sub>i</sub>	y <sub>i</sub>	x <sub>j</sub>	y <sub>j</sub>	x <sub>k</sub>	y <sub>k</sub>	ai	bi	ci
1	0	0	50	80	0	80	4000	0	-50
2	50	80	0	80	0	0	0	80	0
3	0	80	0	0	50	80	0	-80	50

$$\mathbf{B}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0.02 & 0 & -0.02 & 0 \\ 0 & -0.0125 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0.0125 \\ -0.0125 & 0 & 0 & 0.02 & 0.0125 & -0.02 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{B}_2^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -0.0125 \\ 0 & -0.0125 & 0 \\ 0.02 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.02 \\ -0.02 & 0 & 0.0125 \\ 0 & 0.0125 & -0.02 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{D} = \begin{bmatrix} 78750 & 26250 & 0 \\ 26250 & 78750 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 26250 \end{bmatrix}$$

## Calculation of the stiffness matrix of element 2



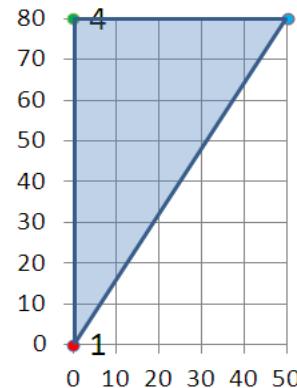
$$\mathbf{B}_2^T \mathbf{D} \mathbf{B}_2 =$$

	4.1015625	0	0	-6.5625	-4.10156	6.5625
	0	12.30469	-6.5625	0	6.5625	-12.3047
	0	-6.5625	31.5	0	-31.5	6.5625
	-6.5625	0	0	10.5	6.5625	-10.5
	-4.1015625	6.5625	-31.5	6.5625	35.60156	-13.125
	6.5625	-12.3047	6.5625	-10.5	-13.125	22.80469

element matrix of element 2:

		u	v	u	v	u	v
		1	1	3	3	4	4
u	1	16406.25	0	0	-26250	-16406.3	26250
v	1	0	49218.75	-26250	0	26250	-49218.8
k <sub>2</sub> =	u	3	0	-26250	126000	0	-126000
v	3	-26250	0	0	42000	26250	-42000
u	4	-16406.25	26250	-126000	26250	142406.3	-52500
v	4	26250	-49218.75	26250	-42000	-52500	91218.75

## Determination of the extended element stiffness matrix 2



extended stiffness matrix of element 2:

	$u_1$	$v_1$	$u_2$	$v_2$	$u_3$	$v_3$	$u_4$	$v_4$
$u_1$	16406.25	0	0	0	0	-26250	-16406.3	26250
$v_1$	0	49218.75	0	0	-26250	0	26250	-49218.75
$u_2$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$v_2$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$u_3$	0	-26250	0	0	126000	0	-126000	26250
$v_3$	-26250	0	0	0	0	42000	26250	-42000
$u_4$	-16406.3	26250	0	0	-126000	26250	142406.3	-52500
$v_4$	26250	-49218.8	0	0	26250	-42000	-52500	91218.75

# Determination of the global stiffness matrix

extended stiffness matrix of element 1:

	u1	v1	u2	v2	u3	v3	u4	v4
u1	126000	0	-126000	26250	0	-26250	0	0
v1	0	42000	26250	-42000	-26250	0	0	0
u2	-126000	26250	142406.3	-52500	-16406.3	26250	0	0
k <sub>1</sub> *=	v2	26250	-42000	-52500	91218.75	26250	-49218.8	0
u3	0	-26250	-16406.3	26250	16406.25	0	0	0
v3	-26250	0	26250	-49218.8	0	49218.75	0	0
u4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
v4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

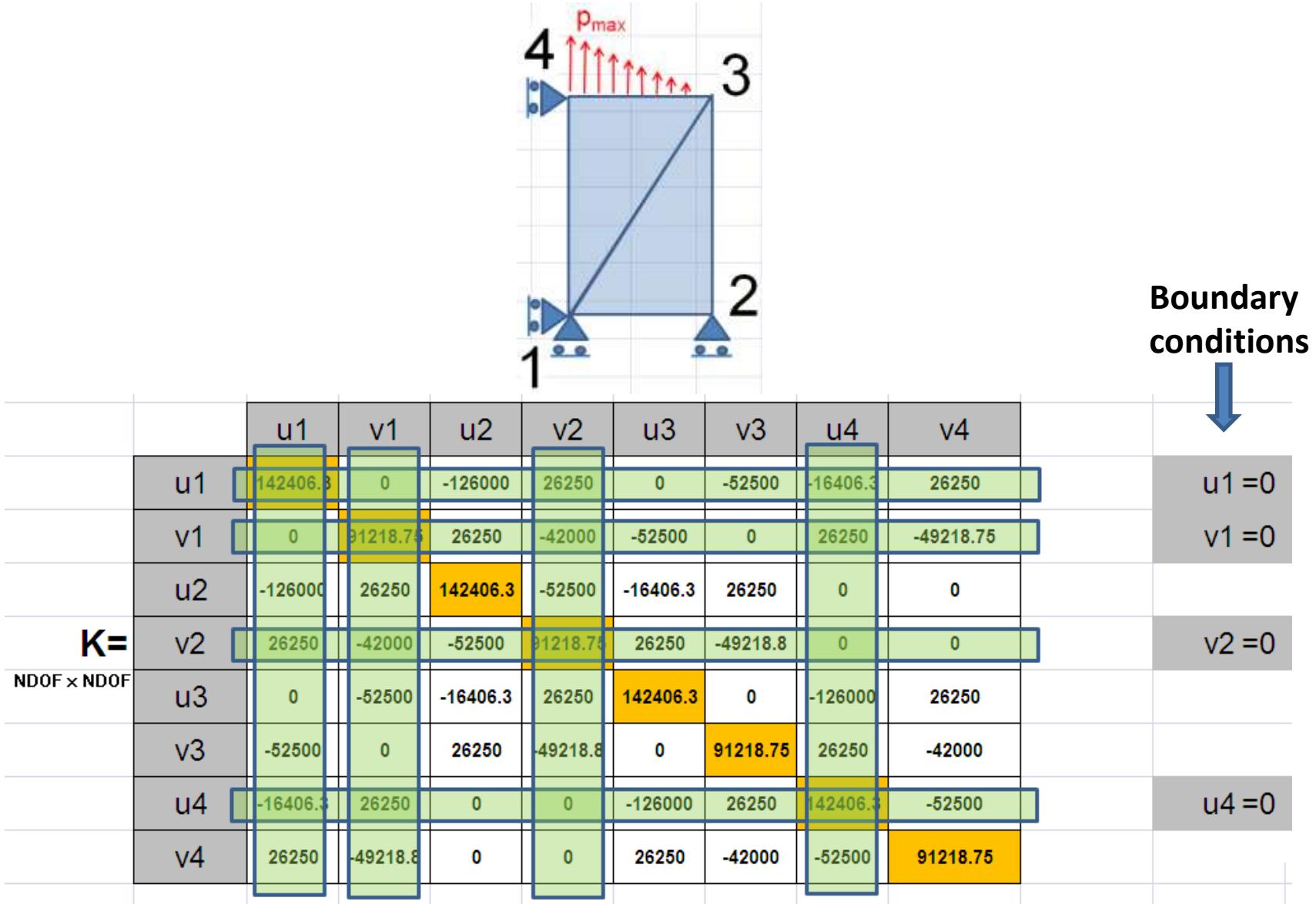
extended stiffness matrix of element 2:

	u1	v1	u2	v2	u3	v3	u4	v4
u1	16406.25	0	0	0	0	-26250	-16406.3	26250
v1	0	49218.75	0	0	-26250	0	26250	-49218.75
u2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
k <sub>2</sub> *=	v2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
u3	0	-26250	0	0	126000	0	-126000	26250
v3	-26250	0	0	0	0	42000	26250	-42000
u4	-16406.3	26250	0	0	-126000	26250	142406.3	-52500
v4	26250	-49218.8	0	0	26250	-42000	-52500	91218.75

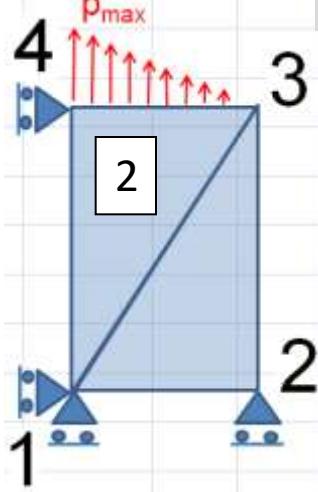
global stiffness matrix:

	u1	v1	u2	v2	u3	v3	u4	v4
u1	142406.3	0	-126000	26250	0	-52500	-16406.3	26250
v1	0	91218.75	26250	-42000	-52500	0	26250	-49218.75
u2	-126000	26250	142406.3	-52500	-16406.3	26250	0	0
k=	v2	26250	-42000	-52500	91218.75	26250	-49218.8	0
NDOF x NDOF	u3	0	-52500	-16406.3	26250	142406.3	0	-126000
v3	-52500	0	26250	-49218.8	0	91218.75	26250	-42000
u4	-16406.3	26250	0	0	-126000	26250	142406.3	-52500
v4	26250	-49218.8	0	0	26250	-42000	-52500	91218.75

## Introduction of boundary conditions to the global stiffness matrix



## Equivalent load vector of surface loads

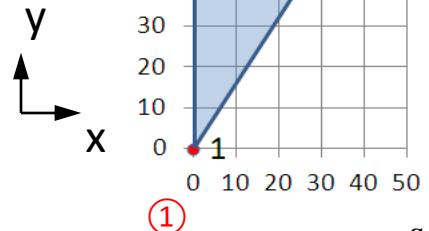


$l = 50\text{mm}$

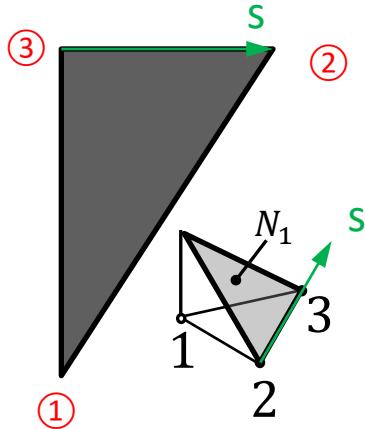
$\begin{bmatrix} p \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} p_x, & p_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0, & p(s) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0, & p_{\max}(1 - \frac{s}{l}) \end{bmatrix}$

$$p_{\max} = 60\text{MPa}$$

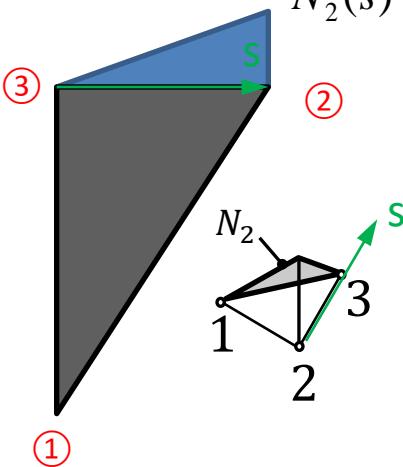
$$\begin{bmatrix} F^p \end{bmatrix}_e = t_e \int_0^l \begin{bmatrix} p_x, p_y \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} N_1 & 0 & N_2 & 0 & N_3 & 0 \end{bmatrix} ds$$



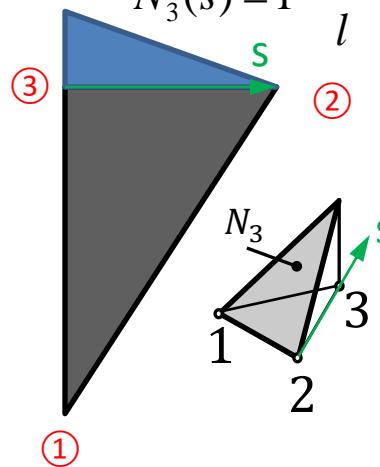
$$N_1(s) = 0$$



$$N_2(s) = \frac{s}{l}$$



$$N_3(s) = 1 - \frac{s}{l}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} F^p \end{bmatrix}_2 = h \int_0^l \begin{bmatrix} p_x(s), & p_y(s) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} N_1(s) & 0 & N_2(s) & 0 & N_3(s) & 0 \\ 0 & N_1(s) & 0 & N_2(s) & 0 & N_3(s) \end{bmatrix} ds =$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} F_1^p, & F_2^p, & F_3^p, & F_4^p, & F_5^p, & F_6^p \end{bmatrix}_2$$

## Equivalent load vector of surface loads

.

$$F_1^p = h \int_0^l p_x(s) N_1(s) ds = h \int_0^l 0 \cdot 0 ds = 0$$

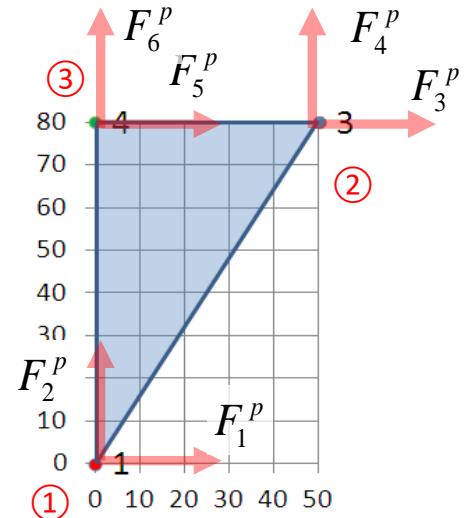
$$F_2^p = h \int_0^l p_y(s) N_1(s) ds = h \int_0^l p_{\max} \left(1 - \frac{s}{l}\right) \cdot 0 ds = 0$$

$$F_3^p = h \int_0^l p_x(s) N_2(s) ds = h \int_0^l 0 \cdot \frac{s}{l_1} ds = 0$$

$$F_4^p = h \int_0^l p_y(s) N_2(s) ds = h \int_0^l p_{\max} \left(1 - \frac{s}{l}\right) \cdot \frac{s}{l} ds = \frac{1}{6} p_{\max} l h = 1000 N$$

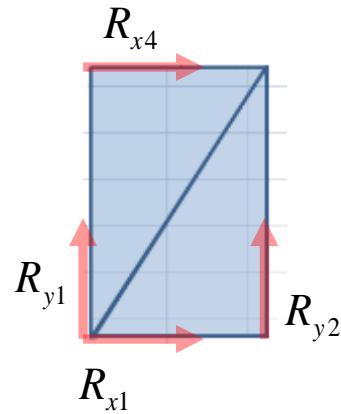
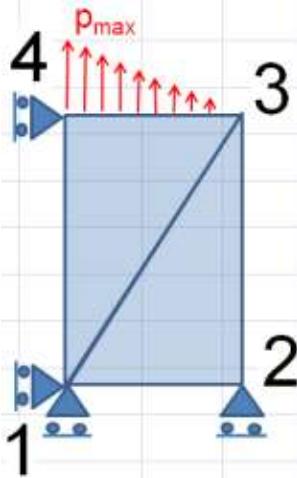
$$F_5^p = h \int_0^l p_x(s) N_3(s) ds = h \int_0^l 0 \cdot \left(1 - \frac{s}{l}\right) ds = 0$$

$$F_6^p = h \int_0^l p_y(s) N_3(s) ds = h \int_0^l p_{\max} \left(1 - \frac{s}{l}\right) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{s}{l}\right) ds = \frac{1}{3} p_{\max} l h = 2000 N$$



0
0
0
<b>F<sup>e</sup> =</b>
0
0
1000
0
2000

## Determination of nodal displacements



	0		Rx1	Rx1
	0		Ry1	Ry1
	0		0	0
$\mathbf{F}^e =$	0		Ry2	$\mathbf{F} =$
	0		0	Ry2
	1000		0	1000
	0		Rx4	Rx4
	2000		0	2000

NDOF × 1

	u2	u3	v3	v4
u2	142406.3	-16406.3	26250	0
u3	-16406.3	142406.3	0	26250
v3	26250	0	91218.75	-42000
v4	0	26250	-42000	91218.75

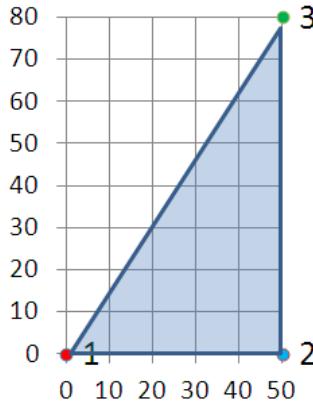
	u2	u3	v3	v4
u2	7.71864E-06	1.20993E-06	-3.02221E-06	-1.7397E-06
u3	1.20993E-06	7.71864E-06	-1.7397E-06	-3.02221E-06
v3	-3.02221E-06	-1.7397E-06	1.53082E-05	7.54899E-06
v4	-1.7397E-06	-3.02221E-06	7.54899E-06	1.53082E-05

$\mathbf{F} =$	0
$\mathbf{N} \times 1$	0
	1000
	2000

$\mathbf{K}^{-1}\mathbf{F}$

-0.006502	mm	u2
-0.007784	mm	u3
0.030406	mm	v3
0.038165	mm	v4

## Determination of strain and stress in element 1



$$\mathbf{B}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.02 & 0 & 0.02 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -0.0125 & 0 & 0.0125 \\ 0 & -0.02 & -0.0125 & 0.02 & 0.0125 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

	0 mm	u1
	0 mm	v1
$\mathbf{q}_1 =$	-0.006502 mm	u2
	0 mm	v2
	-0.007784 mm	u3
	0.030406 mm	v3

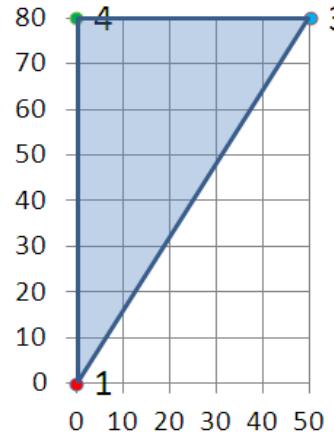
$\mathbf{B}_1 \mathbf{q}_1$

$$\mathbf{D} = \begin{bmatrix} 78750 & 26250 & 0 \\ 26250 & 78750 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 26250 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.000130032 \\ 0.000380077 \\ -1.60313E-05 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{D} \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}_1 &\rightarrow \sigma_1 = 26.52 \text{ MPa} \\ \sigma_1 &= -0.263 \text{ MPa} \\ &= -0.421 \text{ MPa} \end{aligned}$$

## Determination of strain and stress in element 2



$$B_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0.02 & 0 & -0.02 & 0 \\ 0 & -0.0125 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0.0125 \\ -0.0125 & 0 & 0 & 0.02 & 0.0125 & -0.02 \end{bmatrix}$$

	0 mm	u1
	0 mm	v1
$q_2 =$	-0.007784 mm	u3
$\text{ne} \times 1$	0.030406 mm	v3
	0 mm	u4
	0.038165 mm	v4

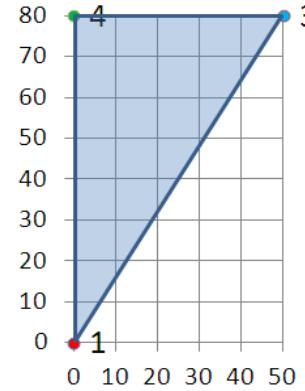
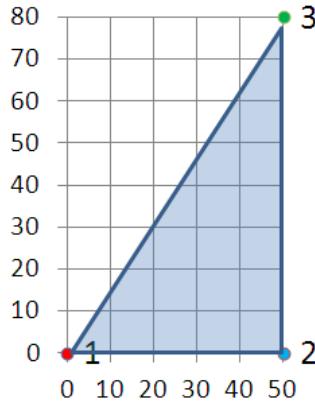
$B_2 q_2$

$$D = \begin{bmatrix} 78750 & 26250 & 0 \\ 26250 & 78750 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 26250 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\varepsilon_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -0.000155682 \\ 0.000477066 \\ -0.000155183 \end{bmatrix}$$

$D \varepsilon_2 \rightarrow \sigma_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0.263 \text{ MPa} \\ 33.48 \text{ MPa} \\ -4.074 \text{ MPa} \end{bmatrix}$

## Determination of elastic strain energy in elements



$$U_e = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\Omega_e} [\varepsilon] \{\sigma\} d\Omega_e = \frac{1}{2} [\varepsilon] \{\sigma\} \int_{\Omega_e} d\Omega_e$$

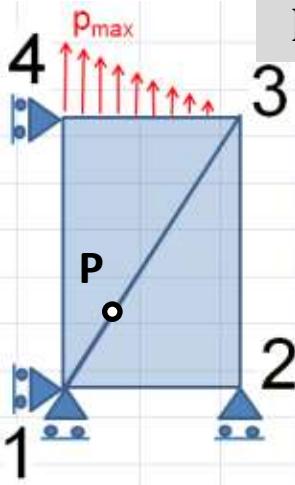
$U_1 = 20.23940803 \text{ Nmm}$

$U_2 = 33.12895375 \text{ Nmm}$

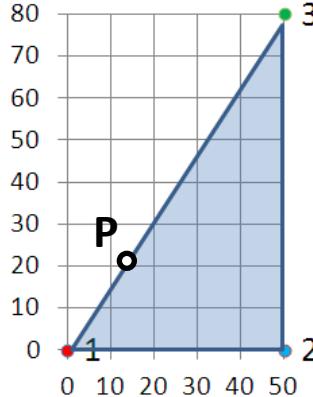
$U = 53.37 \text{ Nmm}$

$U_{\text{exact}} = 59.35 \text{ Nmm}$

$U = 89.93\% U_{\text{exact}}$



## Determination of solutions at point P on the boundary of elements



**Element 1**

node	x i	y i	x j	y j	x k	y k	a i	b i	c i
1	0	0	50	0	50	80	4000	-80	0
2	50	0	50	80	0	0	0	80	-50
3	50	80	0	0	50	0	0	0	50

$$N_1(x_P, y_P) = N_1(12.5, 20) = \frac{a_1 + b_1 x_P + c_1 y_P}{2 \cdot A_e} = \frac{4000 \text{ mm}^2 + (-80 \text{ mm}) \cdot 12.5 \text{ mm} + 0 \text{ mm} \cdot 20 \text{ mm}}{2 \cdot 2000 \text{ mm}^2} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$N_2(x_P, y_P) = N_2(12.5, 20) = \frac{a_2 + b_2 x_P + c_2 y_P}{2 \cdot A_e} = \frac{0 + 80 \cdot 12.5 + (-50) \cdot 20}{2 \cdot 2000} = 0$$

$$N_3(x_P, y_P) = N_3(12.5, 20) = \frac{a_3 + b_3 x_P + c_3 y_P}{2 \cdot A_e} = \frac{0 + 0 \cdot 12.5 + 50 \cdot 20}{2 \cdot 2000} = \frac{1}{4}$$

## Determination of solutions at point P on the boundary of elements

$$N_1(12.5,20) + N_2(12.5,20) + N_3(12.5,20) = \frac{3}{4} + 0 + \frac{1}{4} = 1$$

$x = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x, y) \cdot x_i \Rightarrow x_p = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x_p, y_p) \cdot x_i = N_1 \cdot x_1 + N_2 \cdot x_2 + N_3 \cdot x_3 =$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 50 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 50 = 12.5 \text{ mm}$$

$y = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x, y) \cdot y_i \Rightarrow y_p = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x_p, y_p) \cdot y_i = N_1 \cdot y_1 + N_2 \cdot y_2 + N_3 \cdot y_3 =$

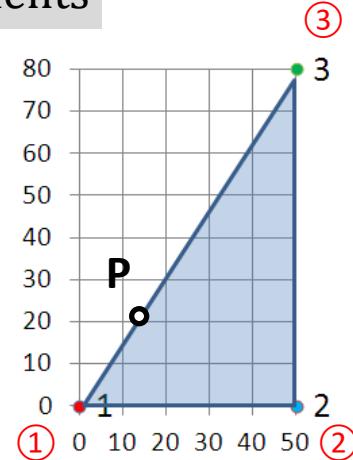
$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 80 = 20 \text{ mm}$$

$u = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x, y) \cdot u_i \Rightarrow u_p = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x_p, y_p) \cdot u_i = N_1 \cdot u_1 + N_2 \cdot u_2 + N_3 \cdot u_3 =$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot (-0.006502) + \frac{1}{4} \cdot (-0.007784) = -0.00195 \text{ mm}$$

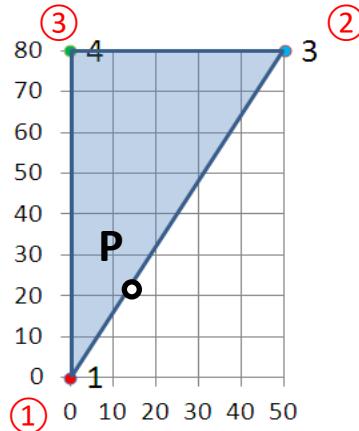
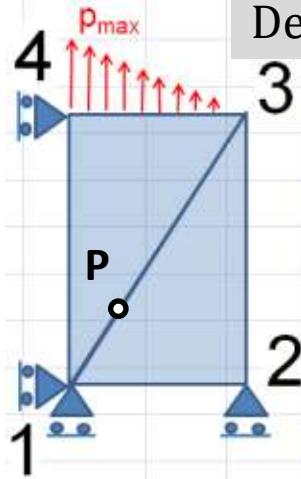
$v = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x, y) \cdot v_i \Rightarrow v_p = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x_p, y_p) \cdot v_i = N_1 \cdot v_1 + N_2 \cdot v_2 + N_3 \cdot v_3 =$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 0.030406 = 0.0076 \text{ mm}$$



$q_1 =$	0	mm	u1
	0	mm	v1
ne x 1	-0.006502	mm	u2
	0	mm	v2
	-0.007784	mm	u3
	0.030406	mm	v3

## Determination of solutions at point P on the boundary of elements



**Element 2**

node	x i	y i	x j	y j	x k	y k	a i	b i	c i
1	0	0	50	80	0	80	4000	0	-50
3	50	80	0	80	0	0	0	80	0
4	0	80	0	0	50	80	0	-80	50

$$N_1(x_P, y_P) = N_1(12.5, 20) = \frac{a_1 + b_1 x_P + c_1 y_P}{2 \cdot A_e} = \frac{4000 \text{ mm}^2 + 0 \text{ mm} \cdot 12.5 \text{ mm} + (-50 \text{ mm}) \cdot 20 \text{ mm}}{2 \cdot 2000 \text{ mm}^2} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$N_2(x_P, y_P) = N_2(12.5, 20) = \frac{a_2 + b_2 x_P + c_2 y_P}{2 \cdot A_e} = \frac{0 + 80 \cdot 12.5 + 0 \cdot 20}{2 \cdot 2000} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$N_3(x_P, y_P) = N_3(12.5, 20) = \frac{a_3 + b_3 x_P + c_3 y_P}{2 \cdot A_e} = \frac{0 + (-80) \cdot 12.5 + 50 \cdot 20}{2 \cdot 2000} = 0$$

## Determination of solutions at point P on the boundary of elements

$$N_1(12.5,20) + N_2(12.5,20) + N_3(12.5,20) = \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + 0 = 1$$

$x = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x, y) \cdot x_i \Rightarrow x_p = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x_p, y_p) \cdot x_i = N_1 \cdot x_1 + N_2 \cdot x_2 + N_3 \cdot x_3 =$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 50 + 0 \cdot 0 = 12.5 \text{ mm}$$

$y = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x, y) \cdot y_i \Rightarrow y_p = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x_p, y_p) \cdot y_i = N_1 \cdot y_1 + N_2 \cdot y_2 + N_3 \cdot y_3 =$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 80 + 0 \cdot 80 = 20 \text{ mm}$$

$u = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x, y) \cdot u_i \Rightarrow u_p = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x_p, y_p) \cdot u_i = N_1 \cdot u_1 + N_2 \cdot u_2 + N_3 \cdot u_3 =$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot (-0.007784) + 0 \cdot 0 = -0.00195 \text{ mm}$$

$v = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x, y) \cdot v_i \Rightarrow v_p = \sum_{i=1}^3 N_i(x_p, y_p) \cdot v_i = N_1 \cdot v_1 + N_2 \cdot v_2 + N_3 \cdot v_3 =$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \cdot 0 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot 0.030406 + 0 \cdot 0.038165 = 0.0076 \text{ mm}$$

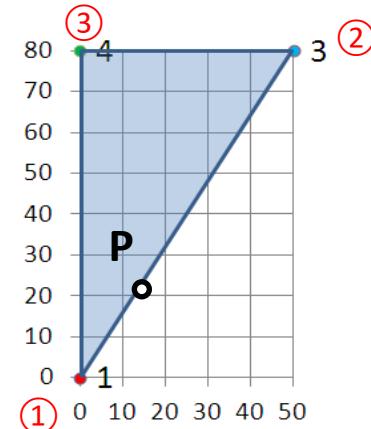
**local notation**

$u_3 \quad u_4$

**global notation**

$v_3 \quad v_4$

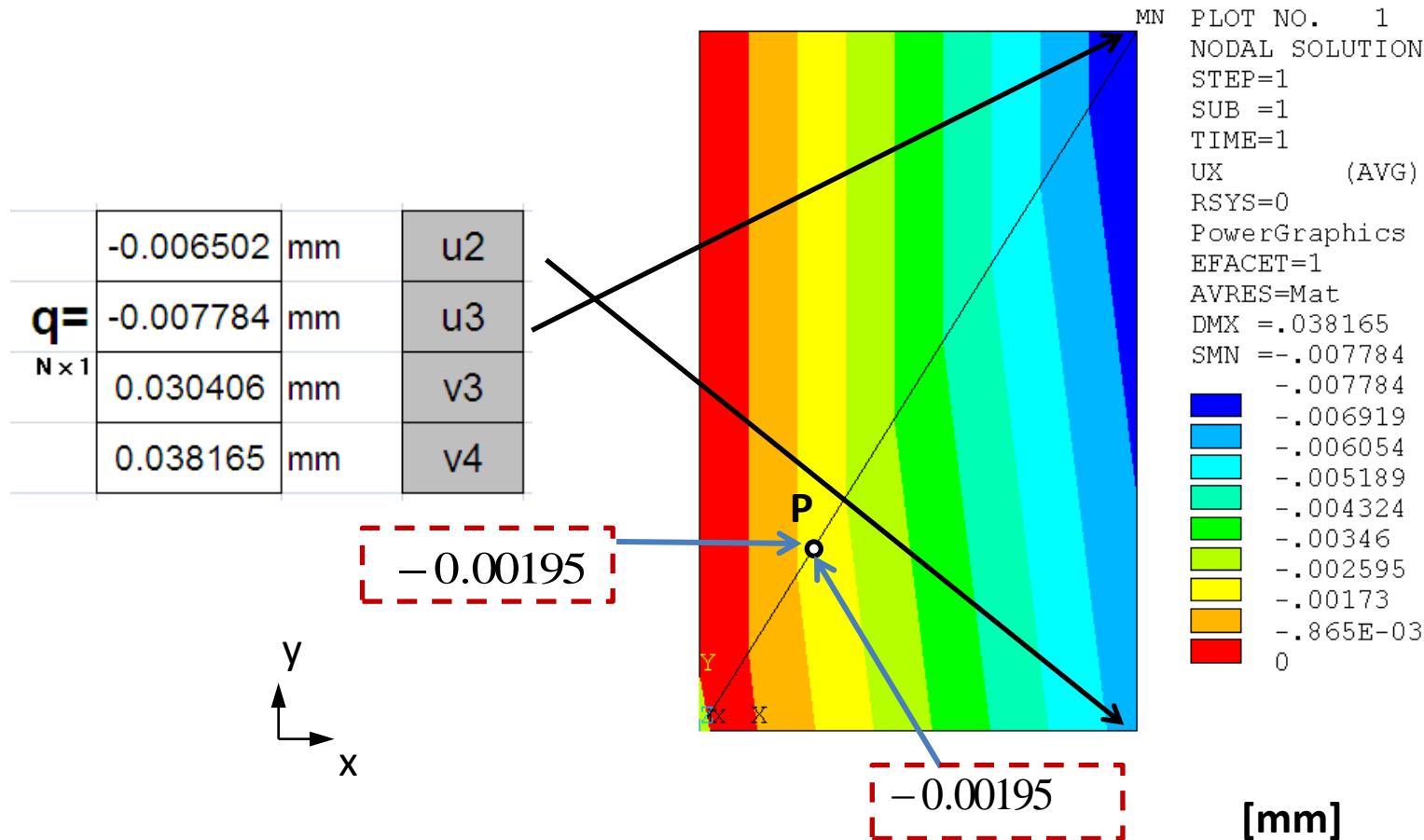
**global notation**



$q_2 =$	0 mm	$u_1$
	0 mm	$v_1$
$\text{ne } \times 1$	-0.007784 mm	$u_3$
	0.030406 mm	$v_3$
	0 mm	$u_4$
	0.038165 mm	$v_4$

## Displacements at point P on the boundary of elements

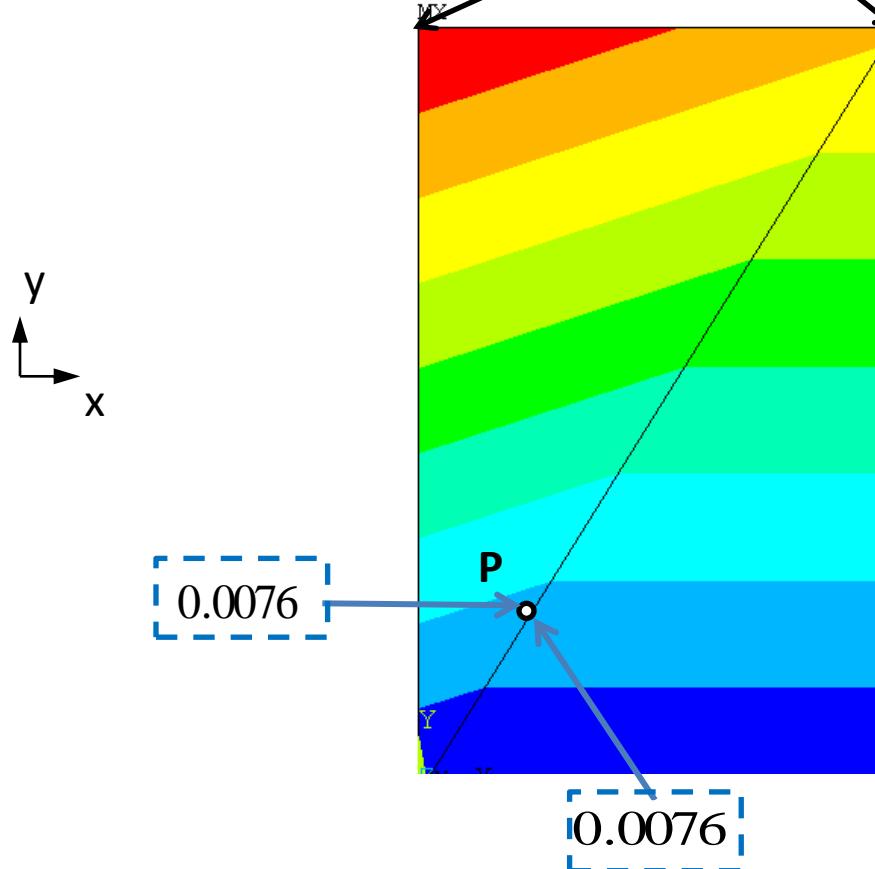
### UX displacement



## Displacements at point P on the boundary of elements

### UY displacement

$q =$	-0.006502	mm	u2
	-0.007784	mm	u3
$N \times 1$	0.030406	mm	v3
	0.038165	mm	v4



PLOT NO. 2  
NODAL SOLUTION  
STEP=1  
SUB =1  
TIME=1

UY (AVG)  
RSYS=0

PowerGraphics

EFACET=1

AVRES=Mat

DMX = .038165

SMX = .038165

0

.004241

.008481

.012722

.016962

.021203

.025444

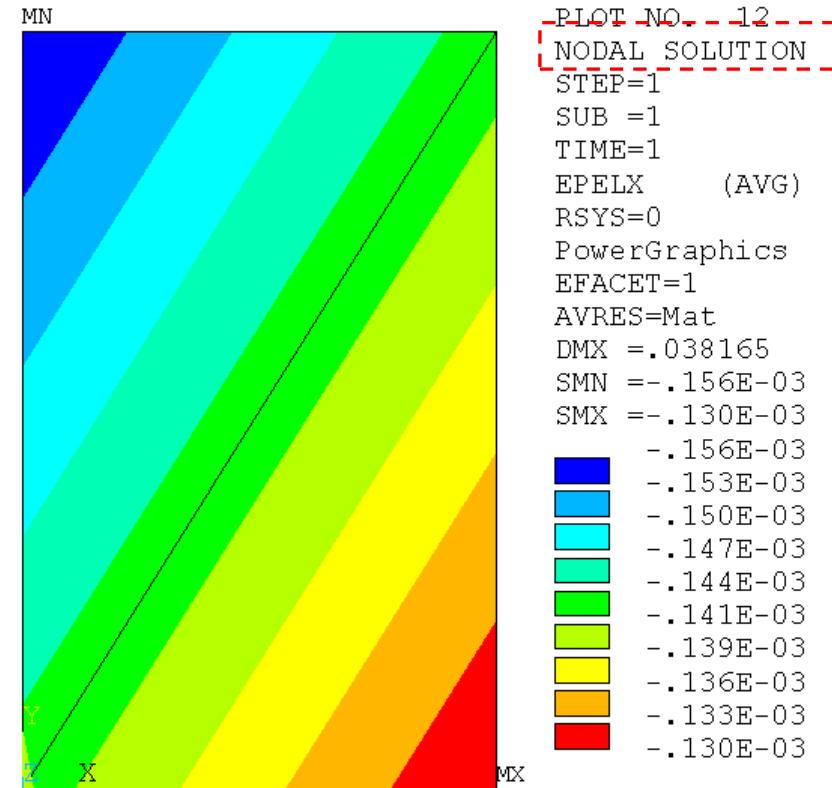
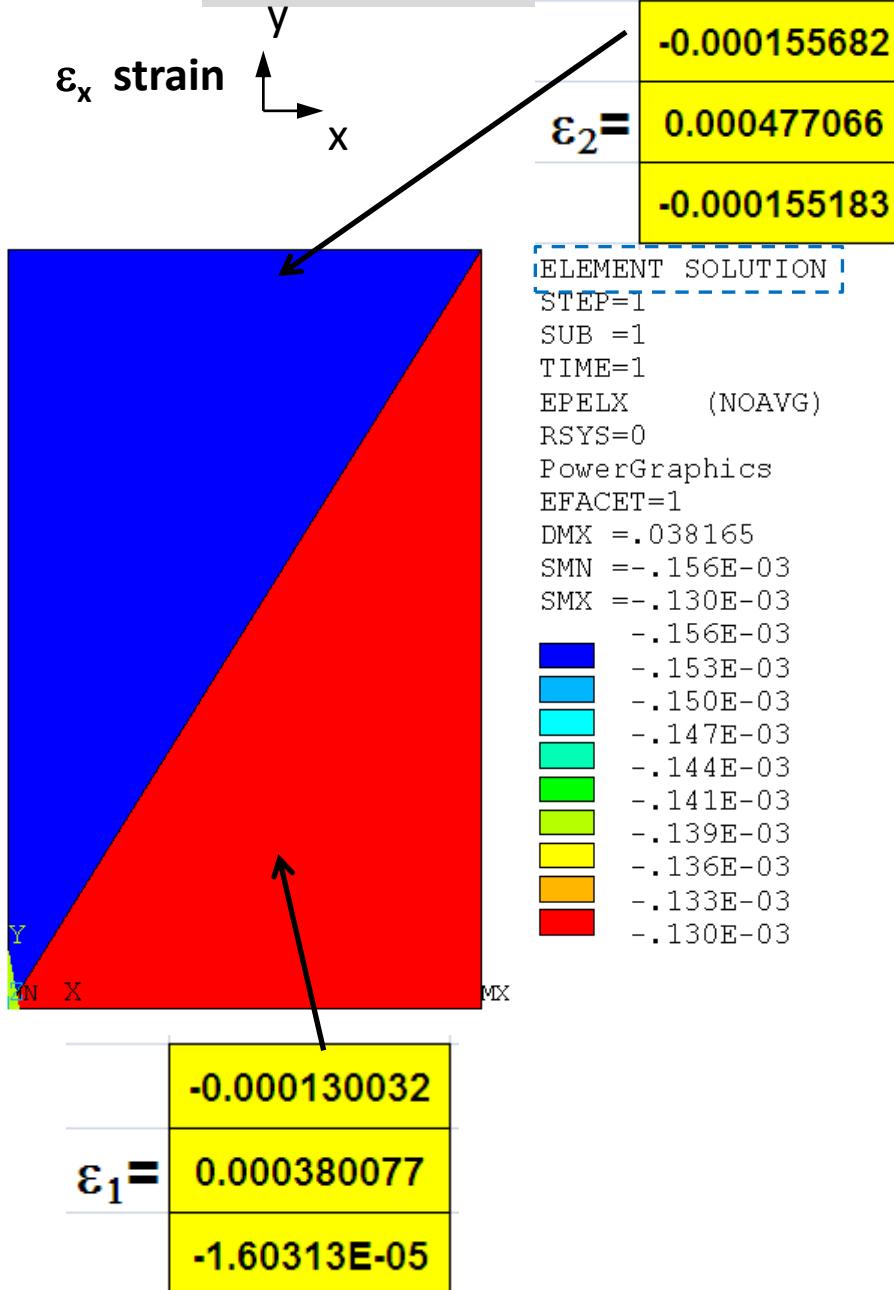
.029684

.033925

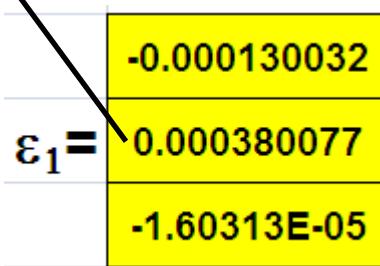
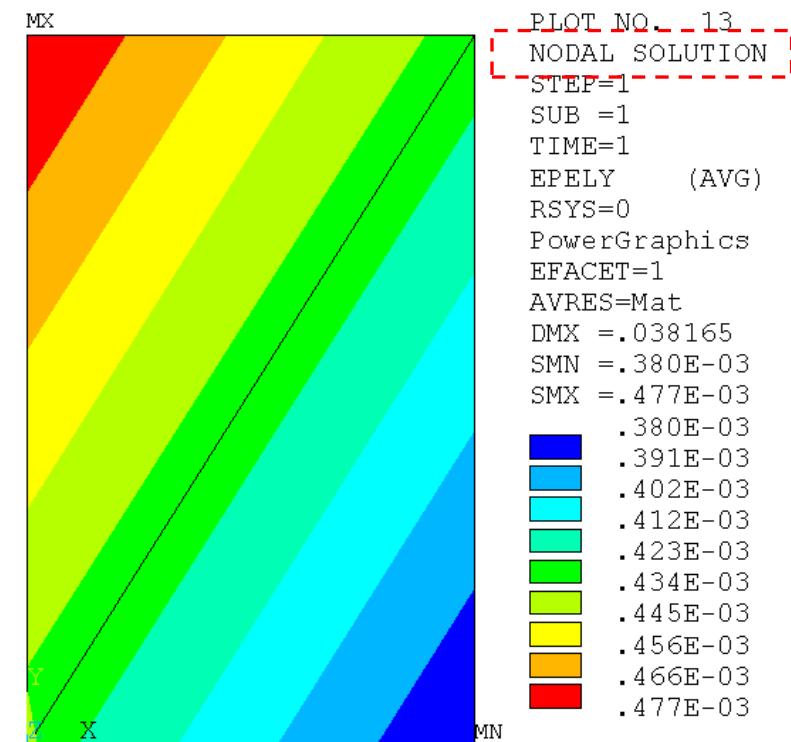
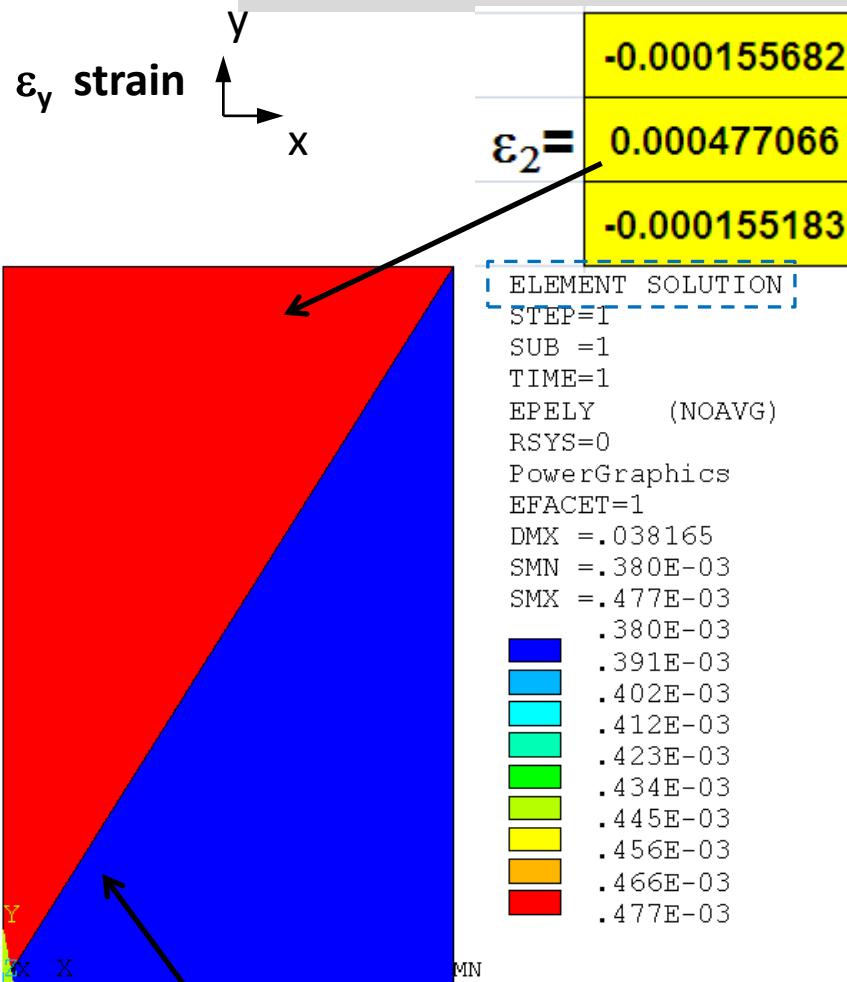
.038165

[mm]

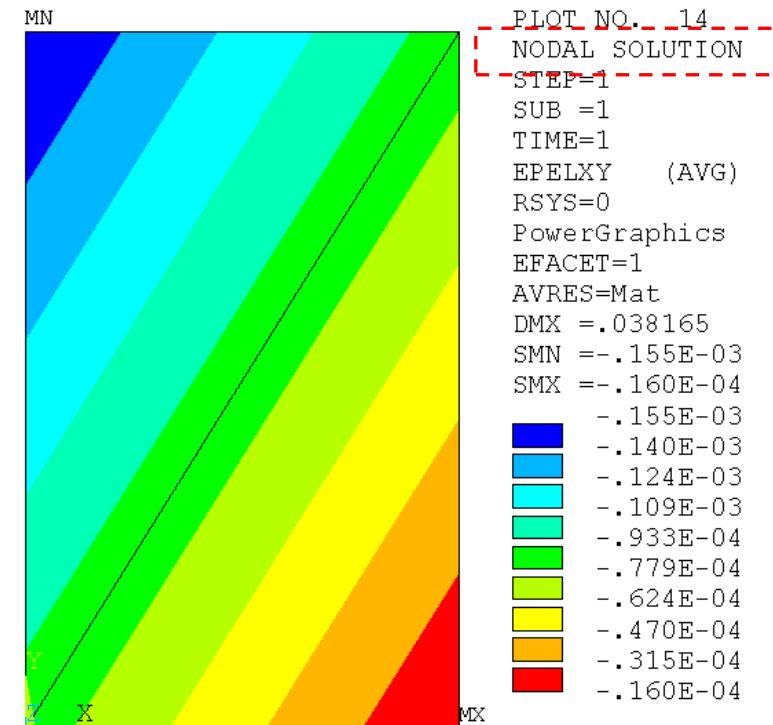
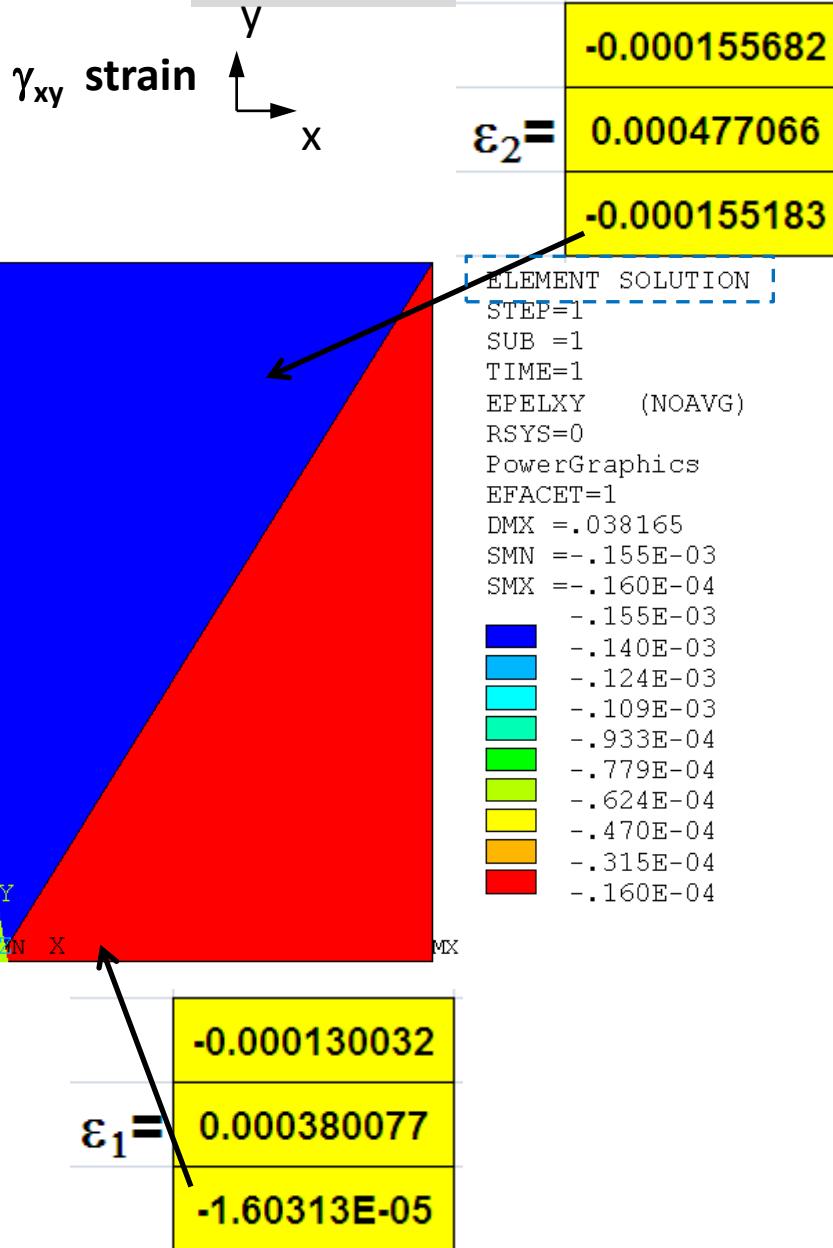
## Strain in X at the boundary of elements



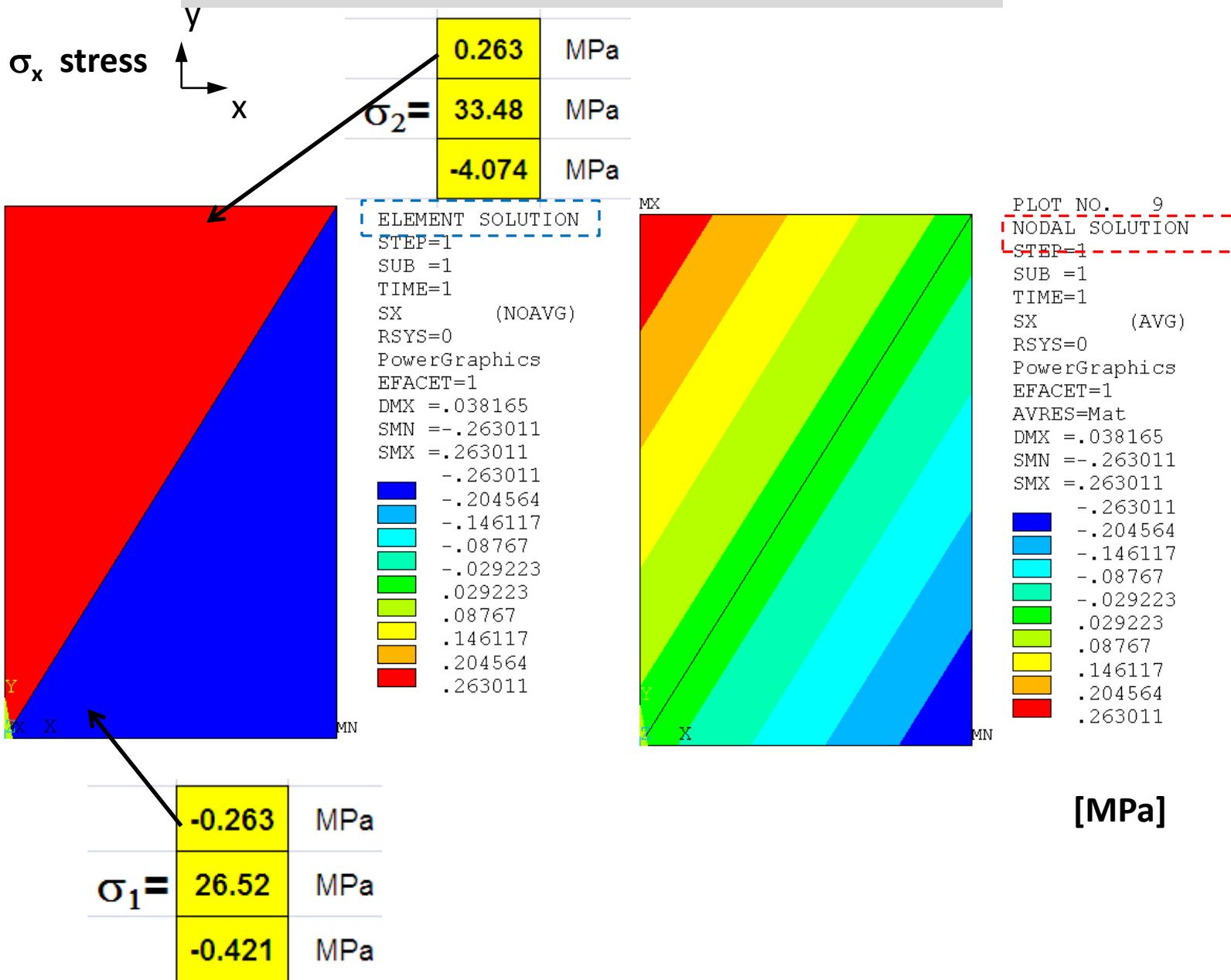
## Strain in Y at the boundary of elements



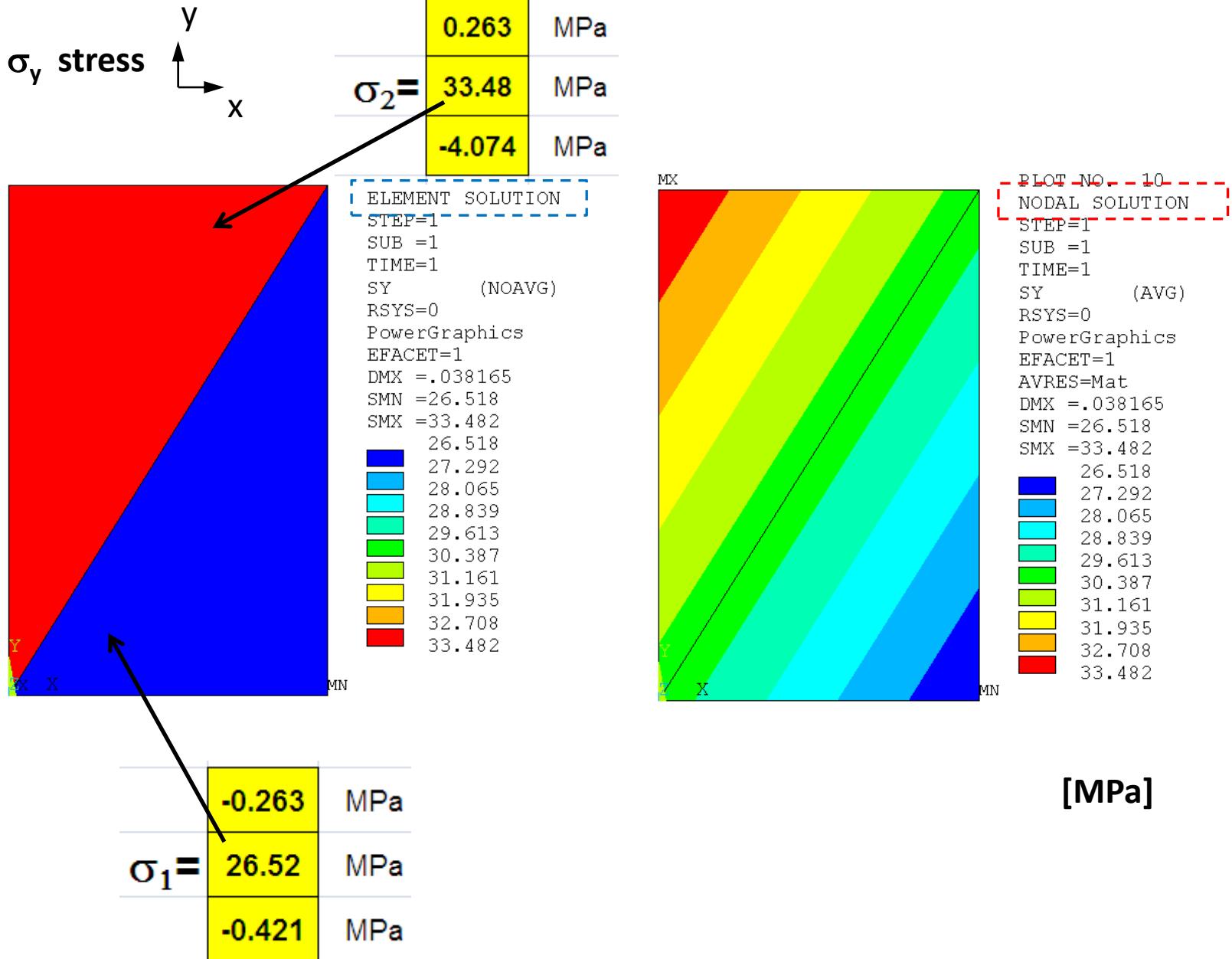
## Shear strain at the boundary of elements



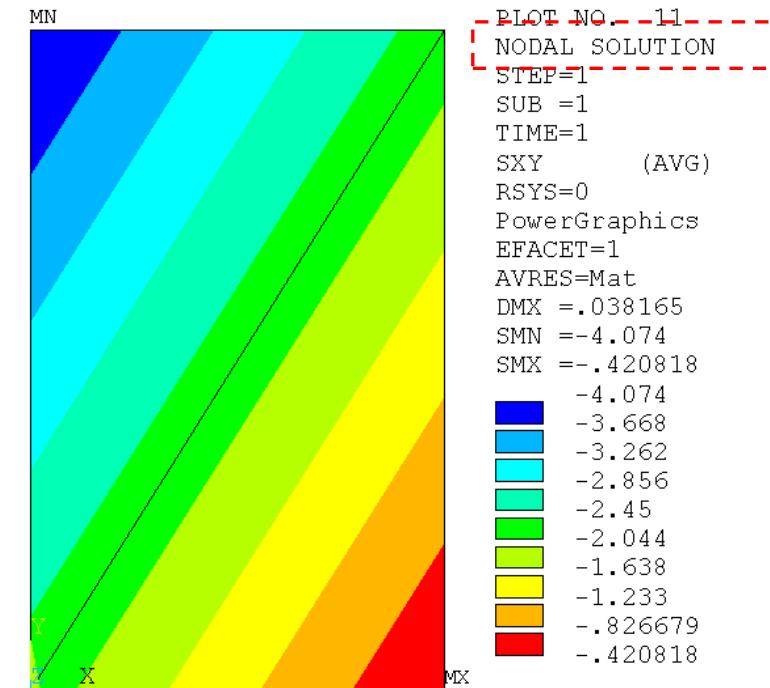
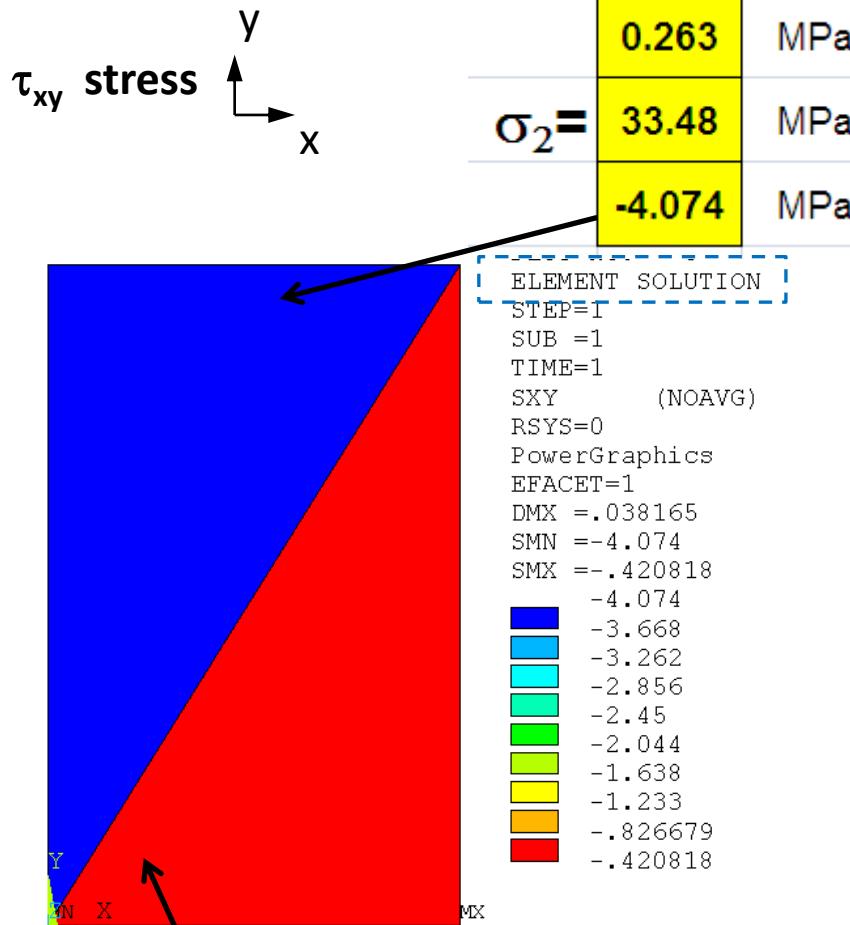
## Stress in X at the boundary of elements



## Stress in Y at the boundary of elements



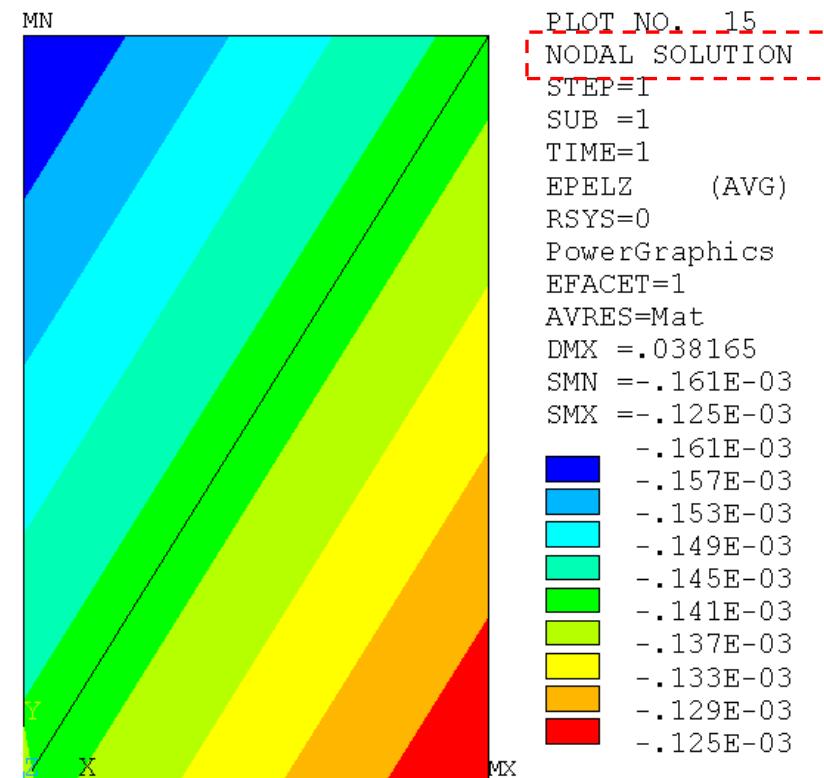
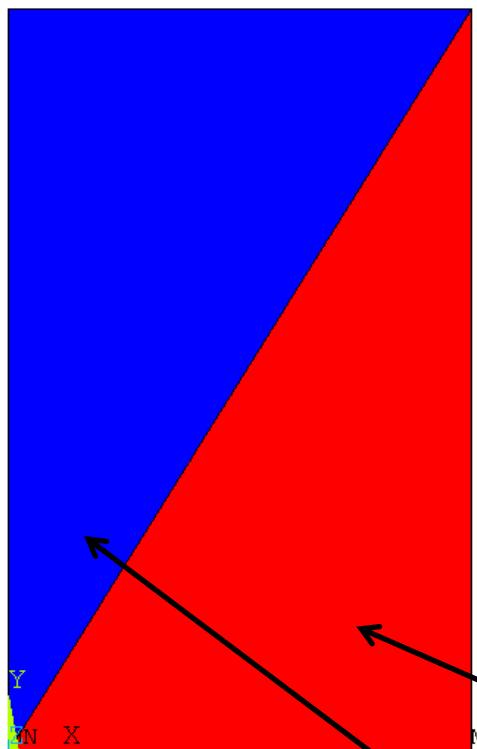
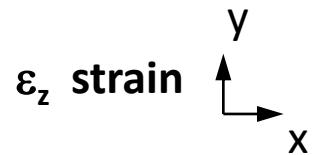
## Shear stress at the boundary of elements



-0.263	MPa	
$\sigma_1 =$	26.52	MPa
	-0.421	MPa

[MPa]

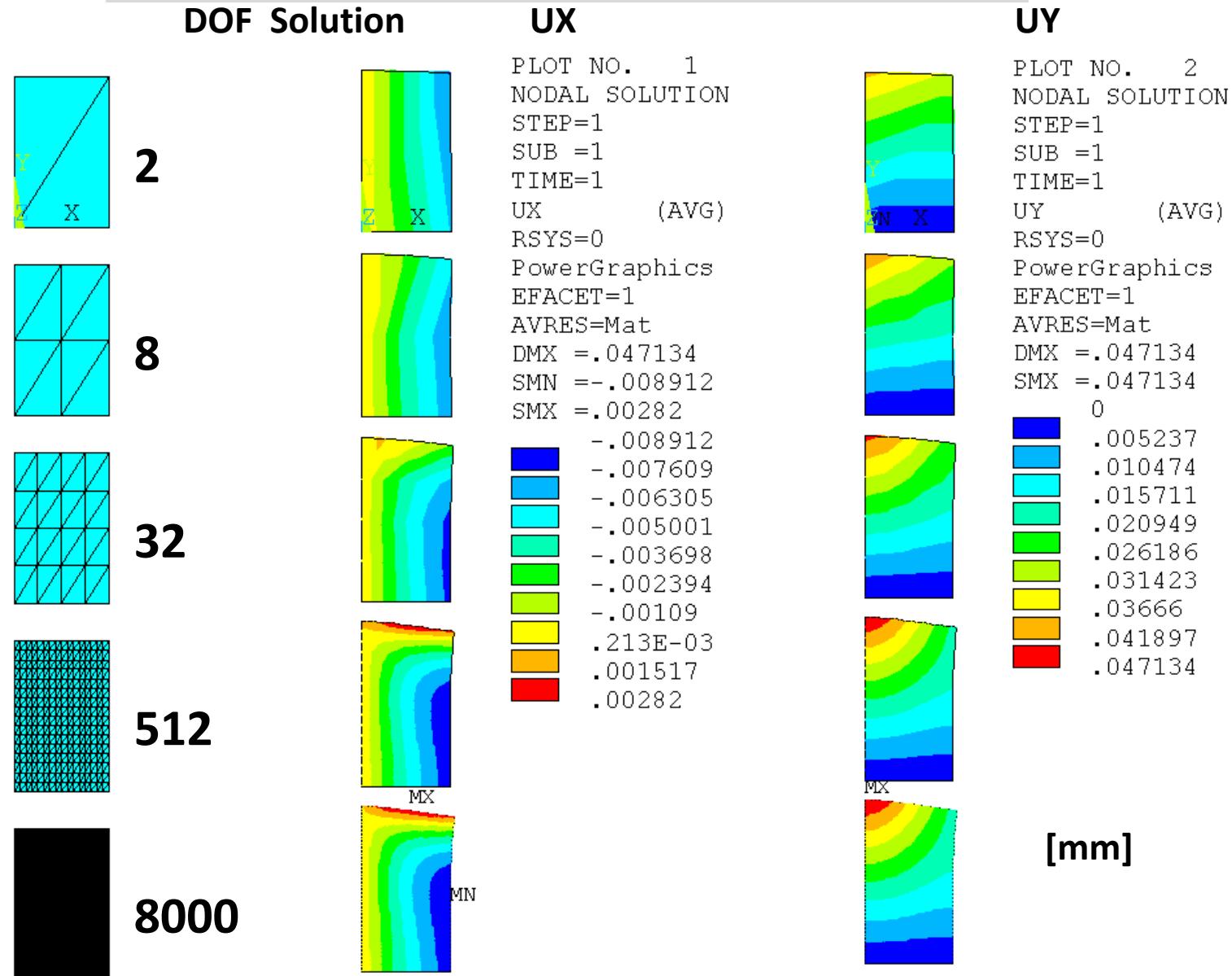
## Strain in Z at the boundary of elements



$$\varepsilon_z = -\frac{\nu}{E}(\sigma_x + \sigma_y) = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{3 \cdot 7 \cdot 10^4}(-0.263 + 26.52) = -0.125 \cdot 10^{-3} \\ -\frac{1}{3 \cdot 7 \cdot 10^4}(0.263 + 33.48) = -0.161 \cdot 10^{-3} \end{cases}$$

y  
x

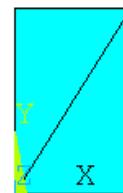
## The impact of discretization on the quality of results



# The impact of discretization on the quality of results

y  
x

## Horizontal stress $\sigma_x$



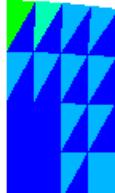
**2**



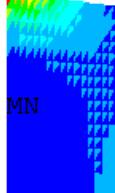
**8**



**32**



**512**

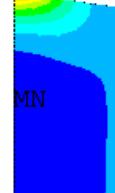
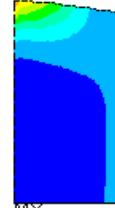


**8000**

```
PLOT NO. 3
ELEMENT SOLUTION
STEP=1
SUB =1
TIME=1
SX      (NOAVG)
RSYS=0
PowerGraphics
EFACET=1
DMX = .047134
SMN = -4.88
SMX = 35.587
-4.88
-.383303
4.113
8.609
13.106
17.602
22.098
26.595
31.091
35.587
```



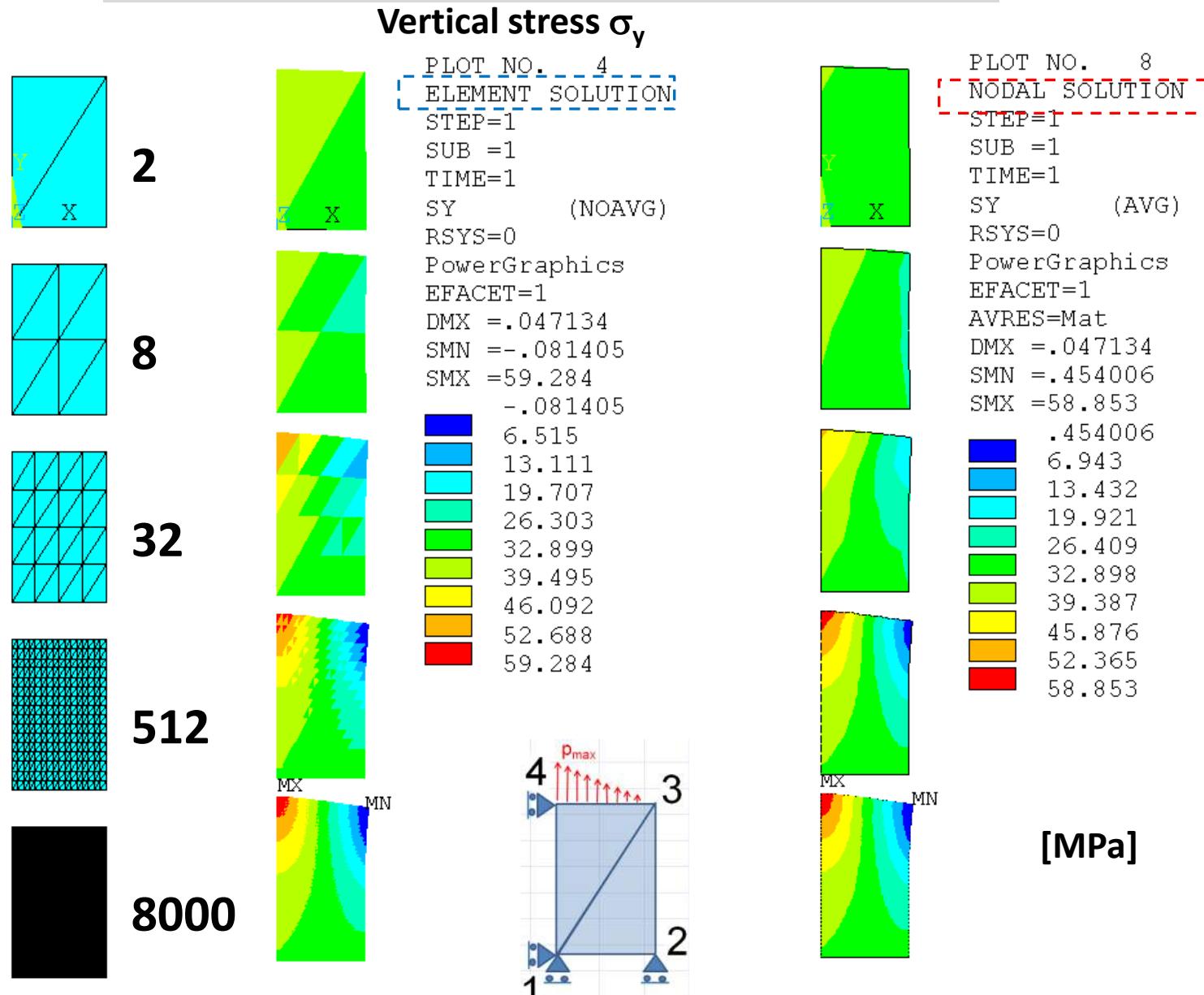
```
PLOT NO. 7
NODAL SOLUTION
STEP=1
SUB =1
TIME=1
SX      (AVG)
RSYS=0
PowerGraphics
EFACET=1
AVRES=Mat
DMX = .047134
SMN = -4.784
SMX = 35.587
-4.784
-.298737
4.187
8.673
13.159
17.644
22.13
26.616
31.102
35.587
```



**[MPa]**

y  
x

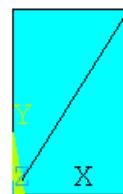
# The impact of discretization on the quality of results



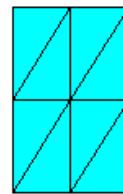
y  
x

# The impact of discretization on the quality of results

## Shear stress $\tau_{xy}$



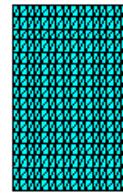
**2**



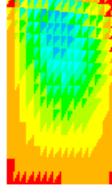
**8**



**32**



**512**



**8000**



```

PLOT NO. 5
ELEMENT SOLUTION
STEP=1
SUB =1
TIME=1
SXY      (NOAVG)
RSYS=0
PowerGraphics
EFACET=1
DMX = .047134
SMN = -9.769
SMX = 1.102
-9.769
-8.561
-7.353
-6.145
-4.938
-3.73
-2.522
-1.314
-.106324
1.102
  
```



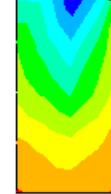
```

PLOT NO. 9
NODAL SOLUTION
  
```



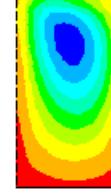
```

STEP=1
SUB =1
TIME=1
SXY      (AVG)
RSYS=0
PowerGraphics
EFACET=1
AVRES=Mat
DMX = .047134
SMN = -7.077
SMX = .408315
  
```



```

-7.077
-6.246
-5.414
-4.582
-3.75
-2.919
-2.087
-1.255
-.423425
.408315
  
```



[MPa]

# The impact of discretization on the quality of results

